

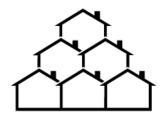
Affordable Housing Institute

# Funding initiatives to achieve the delivery of 500,000 housing units by 2016

# Presented at the 3<sup>rd</sup> ASO HOUSING CONFERENCE and EXHIBITION ABUJA, 11 th APRIL 2013

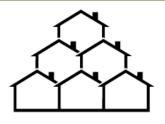
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#### Affordable Housing Institute





### Affordable Housing Institute

#### 1. AHI: who we are and what we do

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#### **Affordable Housing Institute:**

Who we are, what we do



- Non-profit (US §501c3) pro-poor consulting and research firm
  - Boston, MA, USA: work worldwide, mainly global south
  - "Developing successful affordable housing financial ecosystems worldwide"
- Consulting
  - "Pro-bono/ low-bono investment banker"
  - Financial product design/ program design
  - Program development:
    - Market principles + government aid = affordabi
- Research
  - Develop, explore, test, refute what we believe
  - Mexico City: Formalizing informal land
  - Istanbul: Urban regeneration to reduce disaster risk



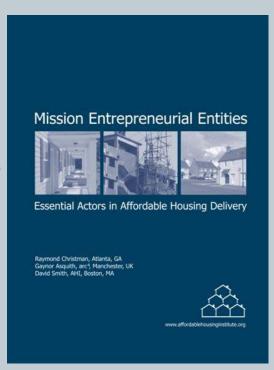
David Smith, AHI

- 2x grants from Bill & Melinda Gates Foundation
  - Develop theory of change and impact
  - Create AHI Capital Gateway, a 'HALF impact lender/ investor'

# Affordable Housing Institute: What we believe



- 1. Housing is the key to improving cities
  - Improve housing and cities improve
  - Fail to improve housing and cities worsen
- 2. Mission Entrepreneurial Entities (MEEs) are key to improving housing
- 3. Scalable finance is key to MEE growth
- 4. Municipalities are the right level of government to 'own' slum upgrading



### Structure of this presentation



# Funding initiatives to achieve the delivery of 500,000 housing units by 2016:

- 1. Viability and relevance of Microfinance and Housing Microfinance in Nigeria
- 2. Capacity of domestic pools of funding
- 3.. Availability of availability of international sources of funding
- 4. Affordable funding cost
- 5. Role and responsibility of government
- 6. Role and responsibility of the private
- 7. Role and responsibility of development finance agencies

# The case for Microfinance and Housing Microfinance in Nigeria



#### In Nigeria:

- The % of formal to informal financial services provided is about 35 to 65
   of the economically active population
- Mortgage debt to GDP is about 0.5%
- There are 127 homes per 1,000 inhabitants
- There are 7.9 people per an available home
- Poverty rate 60.9%
- 80% of population earn less than \$60/mon
- Savings rate 3%
- 90% of houses are built informally

## Capacity of domestic pools of funding Affordable Housing Institute



- A. Identify the Target population
- Low income, middle income or high income
- B. Cost of land
- Do we want to build in the city or at the periphery
- C. Decide Price point (N5M, or \$32,000)
- 30-40 % of monthly income for rent or mortgage payment
- D. Multiply estimated price point by 500,000 units
- N5,000,000 X 500,000 = N2,500,000,000,000 , 2.5 Trillion Naira
- **\$32,000 X 500,000** = \$16,000,000,000, 16 Billion US Dollars

### Can we RAISE this AMOUNT locally by 2016 ??

# Availability of international Market sources of funding



- . Shelter Afrique ( 60% of development cost )
- . OPIC
- . COFACE

Leverage AHI's expertise for Fund Raising

- 1. Business Plan writing
- 2. Financial Modeling

STX Ghana story, didn't happen

# **Abandoned government project at Asokore Mampong, Ghana**





### Suspended Affordable housing Project at Iriebe in Port Harcourt





### Role and responsibility of government



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- Government should lend directly to customers
- South Africa: NHFC
- Government should provide incentives like tax exemptions and tax credits
- US: Down payment assistance
- Government should subsidizes private developers
- Mexico: subdivisions
- India: RAY, JNNURM
- Government should provide Mortgage insurance for originators
- Fannie Mae/ Freddie Mac

### Role and responsibility of the private sector



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- 1. Offer below market rate loans to customers
- 2. Offer Housing Microfinance products
- 3. Offer tailored mortgage underwriting conditions

#### **Stake holders**

- Commercial Banks
- Non-Bank financial institutions
- Credit unions
- Building Societies
- Cooperatives
- Housing Microfinance institutions
- NGOs/Foundations

# Role and responsibility of development finance agencies



- 1. Loans and
- 2. Guarantees to investors and entrepreneurs
- 3. Equity participation

FIVIO Netherlands		FMO	Netherlands
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- CDC Briton
- PROPARCO France
- DEG Germany
- OPIC USA
- ADB ASIAN DEVELOPMENT BANK
- IADB INTER-AMERICAN DEVELOPMENT BANK
- EIB EUROPEAN INVESTMENT BANK
- EBRD EUROPEAN BANK FOR RECONSTRUCTION AND DEVELOPMENT

### **Cost of capital for Affordable Housing**



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- Fixed
- Variable